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## 8 THINGS YOU SHOULD KNOW



Xiqu when loosely translated from Mandarin, means musical theatre. It is more commonly referred to as Chinese opera in English.

The art form comes from China and it is more than a thousand years old.

There are more than 300 different types of Xiqu genres.

The art form combines a spectacular display of singing, dancing, acting, recitation, martial arts and music.

In the early days of Xiqu, people went to teahouses to watch a performance. Patrons did not pay money for admission to watch the show. Instead, they paid for tea. If they wanted to get seats, they had to give the waiter a tip to find them seats.

Xiqu plots are usually based on popular Chinese literature, and historical and folk stories.

Today, people often say they 'watch an opera performance'. However, audiences who have been exposed to the art form for a long time refer to the experience as 'listening to an opera'. True blue Chinese opera fans are known to listen to the performance with their eyes shut and their hands beating in time to the songs.

How do you know when the actor is riding a horse, rowing a boat or opening a door? Look at the actor's body movements, footwork and gestures. In Xiqu, most of the acting is based on suggesting what is happening through movements.

## DID YOU KNOW?

Xiqu came to the streets of Singapore in the late 19th century. It was brought over by Chinese immigrants as part of their religious rites. Soon, Chinese street opera adopted the Malay term 'wayang' to refer to the art form.

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SHËNG MALE ROLE

ÞÀN FEMALE ROLE

4 Main Roles in Chinese Opera



JÌNG MALE CHARACTER WITH A COLOURFUL PAINTED FACE







## COMMON SHENG ROLES



## LAO SHENG

- An elderly man or a middle-aged man
- Usually emperors, scholars and even an important military official

#### LOOK OUT FOR:

- A fake beard
- A white beard tells you that it is an elderly man
- Black or grey beard tells you that it is a middle-aged man

## XIAO SHENG

- A young man who is usually the hero of the story
- Usually scholars or court officials
- Xiao sheng characters are usually refined and knowledgeable

#### LOOK OUT FOR:

• Headwear like a gauze cap or a cap with long, pheasant feathers



## WU SHENG

- A young man who is very knowledgeable in martial arts
- An actor who plays this role has to know martial arts well

#### LOOK OUT FOR:

- Characters that carry weapons
- Some carry armour flags on the back

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## DID YOU KNOW?

The singing voice of a *xiao sheng* is higher pitched than a *lao sheng* to show his youthfulness.



PAN FEMALE ROLE

## COMMON DAN KOLES

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LAO DAN

- An older female role
- Usually a mother, aunt or empress

#### LOOK OUT FOR:

- Make-up, posture and gait that make the characters look older
- Some may use a walking stick

## HUA DAN

- A young or middle-aged woman who is lively, playful and full of life
- Can be any female character, from a maidservant to a young princess
- Performers who play this role must be able to sing and mime well

#### LOOK OUT FOR:

- A character wearing a flowery blouse or apron
- Some will hold a red handkerchief

## QING YI OR ZHENG DAN

- A middle-aged or young woman who is gentle and graceful
- A ging yi is someone who has good virtues
- She can be a young empress, a faithful wife or even a dutiful daughter

#### LOOK OUT FOR:

- Plain and simple robes
- Movements that are smaller and more steadfast than a hua dan character
- The female character with the most singing parts

## WU DAN

- Female warrior
- Performers in this role must be good at martial arts
- Some fight on horseback and carry swords

#### LOOK OUT FOR:

- Female performers who are dressed in shorter tops and long pants
- Some put on a headdress with long pheasant feathers
- Some wear heavy armours with four flags on the back

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## DID YOU KNOW?

Men used to play dan roles before women were allowed to perform. In fact, from the 1920s to 1940s when Peking opera (a Xiqu genre) was at the peak of its popularity, the four great dan performers - Mei Lanfang, Cheng Yanqiu, Shang Xiaoyun and Xun Huisheng - were all men!

## MALE CHARACTER WITH A COLOURFUL FAINTED FACE

## COMMON JING KOLES

## ZHENG JING

- Usually the main jing
- They are usually elderly or important men in society, for example noblemen or court ministers
- Actors who take on this role must have a good singing voice

## WU JING

- Characters in this role are martial experts, just like a *wu sheng*
- An actor who takes on this role must be fit and know martial arts and acrobatics well

## fu jing

- Livelier and less serious in character than a *zheng jing* role
- An actor who takes on this role usually focuses more on his acting skills rather than singing skills

#### LOOK OUT FOR:

• Colourful faces which represent the qualities of the character

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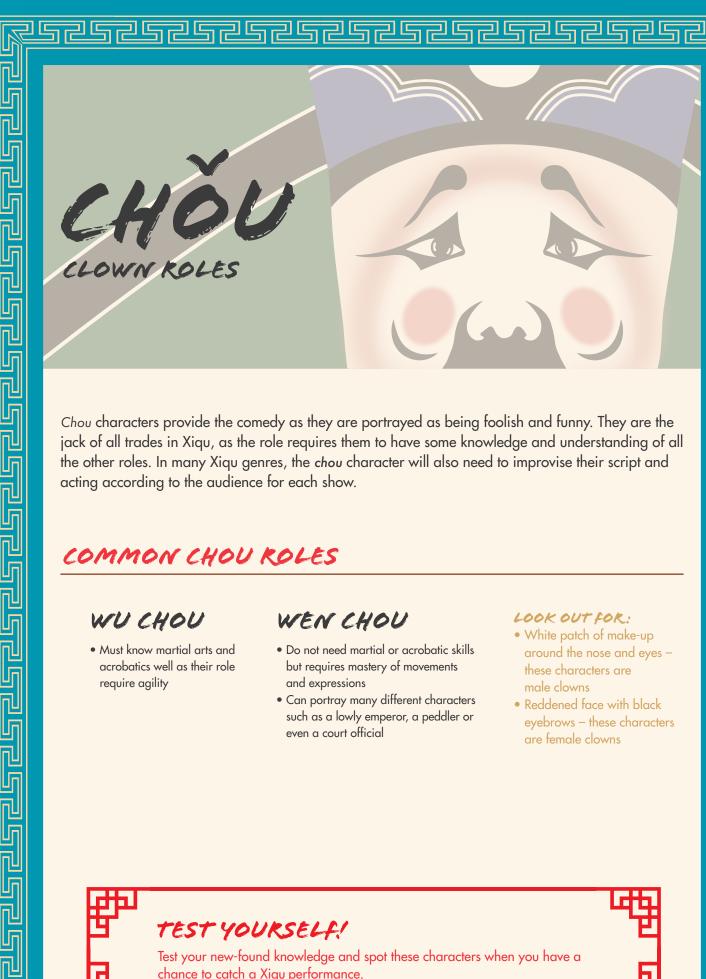


## DID YOU KNOW?

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The singing of a *jing* character is usually louder and bolder than other types of characters. This is why actors with rough and strong voices usually take on a *jing* role.

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Chou characters provide the comedy as they are portrayed as being foolish and funny. They are the jack of all trades in Xigu, as the role requires them to have some knowledge and understanding of all the other roles. In many Xigu genres, the chou character will also need to improvise their script and acting according to the audience for each show.

## COMMON CHOU ROLES

### WU CHOU

 Must know martial arts and acrobatics well as their role require agility

## WEN CHOU

- Do not need martial or acrobatic skills but requires mastery of movements and expressions
- Can portray many different characters such as a lowly emperor, a peddler or even a court official

#### LOOK OUT FOR:

- White patch of make-up around the nose and eyes these characters are male clowns
- Reddened face with black eyebrows - these characters are female clowns





Test your new-found knowledge and spot these characters when you have a chance to catch a Xiqu performance.

# Information correct at time of print.



Offstage is your all-access backstage pass to the performing arts at Esplanade – Theatres on the Bay, and a guide to Singapore and Asian arts and culture. Produced by Esplanade, Singapore's national performing arts centre, Offstage is for everyone, including families, schools and researchers.



